



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

### 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>Sodium Chlorate Crystal</b>
<b>Other means of identification</b>	Chlorate of Soda (synonym), ERCOCIDE C, ERCOCIDE CP
<b>Recommended use</b>	Oxidizing agent, pulp bleaching, defoliant, herbicide
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	None known
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>	
<b>Manufacturer</b>	
<b>Company name</b>	ERCO Worldwide
<b>Address</b>	5700 Hunt Road Valdosta Ga 31606 USA
<b>Telephone</b>	(229)-293-1005
<b>Website</b>	<a href="http://www.ercoworldwide.com">http://www.ercoworldwide.com</a>
<b>E-mail</b>	productinfo@ercoworldwide.com
<b>Emergency phone number</b>	Canada & USA: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC)
<b>Supplier</b>	Refer to Manufacturer

### 2. Hazard(s) Identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Oxidizing solids	Category 1
<b>Health hazards</b>	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 3
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3
	Eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Not currently regulated by OSHA, refer to Section 12 for additional information.	
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	This mixture does not meet the classification criteria according to OSHA HazCom 2012.	

#### Label elements



<b>Signal word</b>	Danger
<b>Hazard statement</b>	<p>May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.          Toxic if swallowed.          Toxic if inhaled.          Causes serious eye irritation.          May cause respiratory irritation.</p>
<b>Precautionary statement</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	<p>Keep away from heat. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection. Wear fire resistant or flame retardant clothing. Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid breathing dust, fume, gas, mist, vapors, spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.</p>
<b>Response</b>	<p><b>IF SWALLOWED:</b> Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor          Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell  <b>IF INHALED:</b> Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  <b>IF IN EYES:</b> Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do so. Continue rinsing.          If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  <b>IF ON CLOTHING:</b> Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes.</p> <p>In case of fire: Use water to extinguish.          In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.</p>
<b>Storage</b>	<p>Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.</p>
<b>Disposal</b>	<p>Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.</p>
<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b>	None known.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	Not applicable.

### 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	Conc. % By Weight
Sodium Chlorate	Chlorate of Soda	7775-09-9	> 99 w/w%

**Chemical name of impurities, stabilizing solvents and/or additives:** None

#### 4. First-Aid Measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	If dust from the material is inhaled, remove the affected person immediately to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
<b>Skin Contact</b>	Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes. Get medical attention/advice if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Eye Contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. In case of shortness of breath, give oxygen. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
<b>General information</b>	In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

#### 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water spray or fog (flooding amounts).
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	DO NOT use dry chemical fire extinguishing agents containing ammonium compounds (such as some A:B:C agents), since an explosive compound can be formed. DO NOT use carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder or other

extinguishing agents that smother flames, since they are not effective in extinguishing fires involving oxidizers.

<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Strong oxidizer – contact with other material may cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Avoid use of leather products.
<b>Firefighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. In the event of fire, cool tanks with water spray. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out. Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water courses. Dike for water control.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Water is the only effective extinguishing media for fires involving sodium chlorate. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.
<b>Hazardous combustion products</b>	Pure sodium chlorate decomposes explosively under intense fire conditions. It initially decomposes to sodium perchlorate and begins to liberate oxygen at about 265°C. Besides oxygen, other compounds formed in a fire include chlorine, hydrogen chloride and sodium oxide.

## 6. Accidental Release Measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Avoid inhalation of dust. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
<b>Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up</b>	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Collect waste material in suitable noncombustible container for disposal. Minimize dust generation and accumulation.

Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. Following product recovery, flush area with water. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

**Environmental precautions**

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

## 7. Handling and Storage

**Precautions for safe handling**

Keep away from heat. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Take every precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Practice good housekeeping.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep away from heat. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Do not store near combustible materials or readily oxidizable materials and acids. Guard against dust accumulation of this material.

## 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

**Occupational exposure limits**

No Occupational Exposure Limits (OELs) have been established for this product or its chemical components.

**Biological limit values**

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

**Appropriate engineering controls**

Ventilation should be sufficient to effectively remove and prevent buildup of any dusts or fumes that may be generated during handling. Provide eyewash station. Do not use combustible material of construction where sodium chlorate will be used or stored.

**Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**

**Eye/face protection**

Wear eye/face protection. Use tight fitting goggles if dust is generated. Wear a full-face respirator, if needed.

**Skin protection**

**Hand protection**

Avoid skin contact. Use nitrile, PVC or neoprene gloves. Do not use gloves made of leather, cotton or other organic absorbing materials. If gloves become contaminated they will become a significant fire hazard.

<b>Other</b>	Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear flame resistant (FR) clothing. Change clothing at the end of each work shift or when it may be contaminated. Keep contaminated clothing wet between taking it off and washing it.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits.
<b>Thermal Hazards</b>	None.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>Appearance</b>	White crystals; forms lumps in moist conditions.
<b>Physical state</b>	Solid
<b>Form</b>	Powder
<b>Color</b>	White
<b>Odor</b>	None
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available
<b>pH</b>	7 (1% water solution)
<b>Melting point/ Freezing point</b>	478.4 °F (248 °C)
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	Not applicable (decomposes at ~500°F /260°C)
<b>Flash point</b>	Not Available
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not Available
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not Available
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	
<b>Flammability limit – lower (%)</b>	Not Available
<b>Flammability limit – upper (%)</b>	Not Available
<b>Explosive limit – lower (%)</b>	Not Available
<b>Explosive limit – upper (%)</b>	Not Available
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	< 0 kPa at 25 °C
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not Available
<b>Relative density</b>	Not Available
<b>Solubility (ies)</b>	
<b>Solubility (water)</b>	~50 wt.% @ 20°C
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not Available
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Not Available
<b>Decomposition temperature</b>	> 500 °F (> 265 °C)
<b>Viscosity</b>	Not Available
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Bulk density</b>	1300 - 1500 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Density</b>	2.50 g/cm <sup>3</sup>

<b>Dynamic viscosity</b>	7.78 mPa.s
<b>Dynamic viscosity temperature</b>	485.6 °F (252 °C)
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Oxidizer, may have explosive properties
<b>Molecular formula</b>	NaClO <sub>3</sub>
<b>Molecular weight</b>	106.45 g/mol
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Strong oxidizer - contact with other material may cause fire.
<b>Specific gravity</b>	2.5

## 10. Stability and Reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
<b>Chemical stability</b>	Material is stable under normal conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
<b>Conditions to Avoid</b>	Excessive heat. Contact with incompatible materials. Avoid dispersal of dust in the air (i.e., clearing dust surfaces with compressed air).
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Combustible materials and organic matter and acids.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Pure sodium chlorate decomposes explosively under intense fire conditions. It initially decomposes to sodium perchlorate and begins to liberate oxygen at about 265°C. Besides oxygen, other compounds formed in a fire include chlorine, hydrogen chloride and sodium oxide.

## 11. Toxicological Information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Toxic by inhalation.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Prolonged contact may cause irritation.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Causes serious eye irritation. Dust in the eyes will cause irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Toxic if swallowed

<b>Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics</b>	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
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### Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short-term and long-term exposure

<b>Effects of short-term (acute) exposure</b>	<b>Skin contact:</b> Direct contact with dust or concentrated solutions can cause mild irritation.
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**Eye contact:** Dust or mist may cause temporary eye irritation and mild pain until material is rinsed from the surface of the eye.

**Ingestion:** Non-occupational ingestion has produced death. Initial symptoms include vomiting, diarrhea, nausea, and abdominal pain. After several hours or more, there may be severe intestinal bleeding, destruction of red blood cells and formation of inactive hemoglobin. Urine may be dark with blood clots. Within a day, kidney damage or kidney failure may occur, with cessation of urination. Liver damage, labored breathing, convulsions, and coma may also develop. Recovery may take several weeks and may not be complete. The human adult lethal dose is estimated at 5 to 10 grams.

**Inhalation:** Sodium chlorate dust or mist may cause coughing and mild temporary irritation of the nose and throat.

**Effects of long-term (chronic) exposure**

Repeated and prolonged exposure of the skin can cause dermatitis. Repeated exposure by inhalation or ingestion may result in toxic effects, which appear gradually over weeks. Initially there may be abdominal pain, followed by internal bleeding, destruction of red blood cells, lung damage, liver damage, and kidney damage. The skin may be bluish.

**Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity** Toxic by inhalation. Toxic if swallowed. May cause respiratory irritation.

Product	Species	Test Results
Sodium Chlorate (CAS 7775-09-9)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<i>Dermal</i>		No information available.
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC <sub>50</sub>	Rat	> 7 mg/l (4 hour)
<i>Oral</i>		
LD <sub>50</sub>	Rat	1200 mg/kg
LD <sub>50</sub>	Mouse	8350 mg/kg
	Rabbit	7200 mg/kg

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

**Eye irritation** Category 2A. Causes serious eye irritation. Dust in the eyes will cause irritation.

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

**Respiratory sensitization** Not available.

**Skin sensitizer** This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

**Germ cell mutagenicity** No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.



<b>Carcinogenicity</b> <b>US. OSHA</b> <b>Specifically</b> <b>Regulated</b> <b>Substances (29</b> <b>CFR 1910.1001-</b> <b>1050)</b>	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA. Not listed.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</b>	Respiratory tract irritation.
<b>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified.
<b>Aspiration toxicity</b>	Not available.

## 12. Ecological Information

**Ecotoxicity** The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Product	Species	Test Results
Sodium Chlorate (CAS 7775-09-9)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
Fish	LC <sub>50</sub> Cherry salmon, Yamame trout ( <i>Oncorhynchus masou</i> )	1100 mg/l, 96 hours
<b>Persistence and degradability</b>	Sodium chlorate degrades very slowly in soil under aerobic conditions. May decompose by microbial degradation more rapidly under anaerobic conditions.	
<b>Bioaccumulative potential</b>	No data available.	
<b>Mobility in soil</b>	No data available.	
<b>Other adverse effects</b>	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.	

### 13. Disposal Considerations

<b>Disposal instructions</b>	Sodium chlorate is classified as a hazardous waste. Contact a waste disposal company for advice for regional regulations. Empty containers may contain residues and should be washed thoroughly prior to disposal. The wash water should be handled as a hazardous waste. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents and containers in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Local disposal regulations</b>	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
<b>Hazardous waste code</b>	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
<b>Contaminated packaging</b>	Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.  Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

### 14. Transport Information

**DOT**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1495
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Sodium chlorate
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	5.1
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Label(s)</b>	5.1
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	A9, IB8, IP2, IP4, N34, T3, TP33
<b>Packaging exceptions</b>	152
<b>Packaging non bulk</b>	212
<b>Packaging bulk</b>	240

**IATA**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1495
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Sodium chlorate

<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
Class	5.1
Subsidiary risk	-
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No
<b>ERG Code</b>	5L
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Other information</b>	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed

**IMDG**

<b>UN number</b>	UN1495
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Sodium chlorate
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
Class	5.1
Subsidiary risk	-
<b>Packing group</b>	II
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
Marine pollutant	No
<b>EmS</b>	F-H, S-Q
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code**  
**DOT**



**IATA; IMDG**



## 15. Regulatory Information

### US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

<b>TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)</b>	Not regulated.
<b>CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)</b>	Not listed.
<b>SARA 304 Emergency release notification</b>	Not regulated.
<b>OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)</b>	Not listed.

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

<b>Hazard categories</b>	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - No Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No
<b>SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance</b>	No
<b>SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical</b>	No
<b>SARA 313 (TRI reporting)</b>	Not regulated.

### Other federal regulations

<b>Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List</b>	Not regulated
<b>Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)</b>	Not regulated

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Contaminate candidate list

**US state regulations**

**US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List** Sodium Chlorate (CAS 7775-09-9)

**US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act** Not regulated.

**US. Pennsylvania RTK – Hazardous Substances** Sodium Chlorate (CAS 7775-09-9)

**US. Rhode Island RTK** Not regulated.

**US. California Proposition 65** California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

**International Inventories**

<b>Country(s) or region</b>	<b>Inventory name</b>	<b>On inventory (yes/no)*</b>
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other Information

<b>Issue date</b>	3/31/2022
<b>Revision #</b>	7
<b>Revision Indicator</b>	Clarified precautionary statements and address updated.
<b>List of abbreviations</b>	ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists CAS: Chemical Abstract Services CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 CFR: Code of Federal Regulations DOT: Department of Transportation EPA: Environmental Protection Agency EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container IDLH: immediately dangerous to life or health IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC: Lethal Concentration LD: Lethal Dose NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health NOEC: No observable effect concentration NTP: National Toxicology Program OECD: Organisation for Economic Co operation and Development OEL: National occupational exposure limits OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration PEL: Permissible exposure limit RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act RQ: Reportable Quantity RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances SAR: supplied-air respirator SCBA: self-contained breathing apparatus SDS: Safety Data Sheet STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TWA: Time Weighted Average UN: United Nations

### References

ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices (2014)  
Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety, CcInfoWeb Databases, 2014 (Chempendium, RTECs, HSDB, INCHEM)  
International Agency for Research on Cancer Monographs (2014)  
Material Safety Data Sheet from manufacturer.  
OECD - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances - eChemPortal, 2014.

**Disclaimer**

Information presented in this SDS is furnished in accordance with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) 2012.

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