





SAFETY DATA SHEET

This SDS adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet the regulatory requirements in other countries.

1. Identification

Product identifier	PurDOX
Other means of identification	Material Number: 57960438
Recommended use	Industrial use
Recommended restrictions	None known
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Manufacturer	
Company name	International Dioxide, Inc.
Address	40 Whitecap Drive North Kingstown, RI 02852 United States of America
Telephone	Information #: (800) 477-6071
Website	https://idiclo2.com
E-mail	idiclo2@ercoworldwide.com
Emergency phone number	Canada & U.S.A.: (800) 424 9300 (CHEMTREC) International: (703) 527 3887
Supplier	Refer to Manufacturer

2. Hazard(s) Identification

Physical hazards	Oxidizing liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 3
	Skin corrosion	Category 1
	Serious eye damage	Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure (digestive system and respiratory tract) (inhalation)	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Not currently regulated by OSHA, refer to Section 12 for additional information.	
OSHA defined hazards	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).	
Label elements	   	
Signal word	Danger	

Hazard statement	<p>May intensify fire; oxidizer.</p> <p>Toxic if inhaled.</p> <p>Harmful if swallowed.</p> <p>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</p> <p>Causes damage to organs if inhaled (digestive system, respiratory tract).</p>
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	<p>Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Keep away from heat. - No smoking. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles and other incompatible materials. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.</p>
Response	<p>IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.</p> <p>IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</p> <p>IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.</p> <p>IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.</p>
Storage	<p>Store locked up.</p>
Disposal	<p>Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.</p>
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	<p>None known</p>
Supplemental information	<p>Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials and food and drink.</p>

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	Conc. % By Weight
Sodium chlorate	Chlorate of soda	7775-09-9	40% w/w
Hydrogen peroxide	None	7722-84-1	≤10% w/w

Chemical name of impurities, stabilizing solvents and/or additives: None.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First-Aid Measures

Inhalation	Get medical attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration, or oxygen by a trained professional, using a pocket type respirator.
Skin Contact	In case of contact, flush skin with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes. Get medical attention immediately. Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water. Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Eye Contact	Get medical attention immediately. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. In case of contact with eyes, flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Ingestion	Get medical attention immediately. Wash out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Causes serious eye damage. Adverse symptoms include reddening, tearing, swelling, burning and possible permanent damage. Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system. Causes severe burns. Corrosive with symptoms of reddening, itching, swelling, burning and possible permanent damage. Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach. Corrosive with symptoms of coughing, burning, ulceration, and pain. Symptoms of ingestion may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	No specific data

**General
information**

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. No specific treatment.
Protection of first aiders: If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

5. Fire-Fighting Measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Can only be extinguished with large quantities of water.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use dry chemical or foam.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Oxidizing material. May intensify fire. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. Toxic and irritating gases/fumes may be given off during burning or thermal decomposition. Water runoff from firefighting may be corrosive.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Firefighting equipment /instructions	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	No specific data
Hazardous combustion products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: halogenated compounds, metal oxide/oxides

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible material. It may lead to a fire risk when it dries out. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible,

absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas.

**Environmental
precautions**

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

7. Handling and Storage

**Precautions for safe
handling**

Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from clothing, incompatible materials and combustible materials. Keep away from heat. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Put on appropriate personal protection equipment. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

**Conditions for safe
storage, including any
incompatibilities**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Separate from reducing agents and combustible materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. See NFPA 430, Code for the Storage of Liquid and Solid Oxidizers.

8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Occupational Exposure Limits

Sodium chlorate: None

Hydrogen peroxide

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 1.4 mg/m³ 8 hours.

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016).

TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 1.4 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye/face protection	Chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead. If contact with product is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Permeation resistant gloves.
Other	Permeation resistant clothing and foot protection.
Respiratory protection	Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. A NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges and particulate prefilter can be used to minimize exposure.
Thermal Hazards	No specific data
General hygiene considerations	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid
Form	Liquid
Color	Clear to light blue
Odor	Not available
Odor threshold	Not available
Molecular formula	Not available
Molecular weight	Not available
pH	4.5 to 5
Melting point/Freezing Point	Not available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available
Flash point	Closed cup: Not applicable
Evaporation rate	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit – lower (%)	Not available
Flammability limit – upper (%)	Not available
Explosive limit – lower (%)	Not available
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not available
Vapor pressure	Not available
Vapor density	Not available
Relative density	Not available
Solubility (ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
Decomposition temperature	Not available
Viscosity	Not available
Other information	
Density	1.38 g/cm ³
Flammability	Not available
Specific gravity	1.38
Surface tension	Not available

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use. Conditions may include the following: contact with combustible materials. Reactions may include the following: risk of causing or intensifying fire.
Conditions to Avoid	Drying on clothing or other combustible materials may cause fire.
Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: combustible materials, reducing materials.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological Information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Toxic if inhaled. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. May give off gas, vapor or dust that is very irritating or corrosive to the respiratory system.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Delayed and immediate effects and chronic effects from short-term and long-term exposure

Effects of short-term (acute) exposure Not available

Effects of long-term (chronic) exposure Not available

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Component	Species	Test Results
Sodium chlorate		
Acute		
LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation, vapor	Rat	>7 mg/l over 4 hours
Component		
Species		
Test Results		
Hydrogen Peroxide		
Acute		
LD50 Oral	Rat	>500 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal	Rat	4060 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation, vapor	Rat	>0.17 mg/l over 4 hours (LC50 could not be determined because no deaths were observed in the rats at the maximum saturation concentration).

* Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Skin corrosion/irritation	Hydrogen Peroxide: Slightly irritant
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Sodium chlorate: Causes serious eye irritation. Hydrogen Peroxide: Severe irritant, Risk of serious damage to eyes.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	
Respiratory sensitization	Hydrogen Peroxide: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin sensitizer	Hydrogen Peroxide: Not sensitizing
Germ cell mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	This product is not considered to be a carcinogen by IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or OSHA.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated
Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)**

Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	PurDOX™: Category 1, inhalation (digestive system and respiratory tract). Sodium Chlorate: Category 3 (respiratory tract irritation)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not applicable
Aspiration toxicity	Not expected to be an aspiration hazard.
Chronic effects	Not available

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity Component	Species	Test Results
Hydrogen Peroxide		
Acute		
EC50	Algae – Skeletonema costatum	1.38 mg/l (growth rate) over 72 hours
EC50	Daphnia – Daphnia magna	2.4 mg/l over 48 hours
LC50	Fish – Pimephales promelas	16.4 mg/l over 96 hours
Chronic		
NOEC	Algae – Skeletonema costatum	0.63 mg/l (growth rate) over 72 hours
NOEC	Daphnia – Daphnia magna	0.63 mg/l over 21 days
Persistence and degradability	Hydrogen Peroxide: Readily	
Bioaccumulative potential	Hydrogen Peroxide: LogP _{ow} -1.1, low potential	
Mobility in soil	Not available	
Other adverse effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

13. Disposal Considerations

Disposal instructions

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal state, provincial and or local environmental controls laws.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

When discarded in its purchased form, this product meets the criteria of ignitability, and should be managed as a hazardous waste (EPA Hazardous Waste Number D001). (40 CFR 261.20-24) Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product, should be classified as a hazardous waste. (40 CFR 261.20-24)






Waste from residues / unused products

Not available

Contaminated packaging

Not available

14. Transport Information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN3139	Oxidizing liquid, n.o.s. (SODIUM CHLORATE, HYDROGEN PEROXIDE)	5.1	II		62, 127, 148, A2, IB2
IMDG Class	UN3139	OXIDIZING LIQUID, N.O.S. (SODIUM CHLORATE, HYDROGEN PEROXIDE)	5.1	II	 	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-Q
IATA-DGR Class	UN3139	Oxidizing liquid, n.o.s. (SODIUM CHLORATE, HYDROGEN PEROXIDE)	5.1	II	 	Passenger aircraft 550: 1 L Cargo aircraft 554: 5 L

RQ: 0 lbs.

15. Regulatory Information

SARA 311/312

Fire hazard

Immediate (acute) health hazard

SARA Title III Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances

Hydrogen peroxide (CAS 7722-84-1), concentration ≤10%

SARA Title III Section 313 Toxic Chemicals

None

US EPA CERCLA Hazardous Substances (40 CFR 302.4)

None

State Regulations

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual states; other product specific health and safety data in other sections on the SDS may also be applicable for state requirements. For details on your regulatory requirements you should contact the appropriate agency in your state

Ingredient Name	CAS Number	State Code	Concentration (%)
Sodium chlorate	7775-09-9	MA - S, NJ - HS, PA - RTK HS	25-50
Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1	MA - S, NJ - HS, PA - RTK HS	≤10
Water	7732-18-5		50-75

Massachusetts Substances: MA - S

Massachusetts Extraordinary Hazardous Substances: MA - Extra HS

New Jersey Hazardous Substances: NJ - HS

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: PA - RTK HS

Pennsylvania Special Hazardous Substances: PA - Special HS

California Prop. 65

To the best of our knowledge, this product does not contain any of the listed chemicals, which the state of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act Listed on the TSCA Inventory

16. Other Information

Issue date	8/9/2021
Revision #	5
Revision Indicator	Company logo updated.
List of abbreviations	ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists CAS: Chemical Abstract Services CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 CFR: Code of Federal Regulations DOT: Department of Transportation EPA: Environmental Protection Agency EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act ERG: Emergency Response Guidebook HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA: International Air Transport Association IBC: Intermediate Bulk Container IDLH: immediately dangerous to life or health IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC: Lethal Concentration LD: Lethal Dose NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health NOEC: No observable effect concentration NTP: National Toxicology Program OECD: Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development OEL: National occupational exposure limits OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration PEL: Permissible exposure limit RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act RQ: Reportable Quantity

RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
SAR: supplied-air respirator
SCBA: self-contained breathing apparatus
SDS: Safety Data Sheet
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
TWA: Time Weighted Average
UN: United Nations

References

None.

Disclaimer

Information presented in this SDS is furnished in accordance with OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) 2012.

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